#### Nationwide

# FINAL WEIGHTED FREQUENCIES July 21-28, 2014

	N=	TOTAL 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364
Gender				
Men		48	100	0
Women		52	0	100
Region				
New England			5	5
Middle Atlantic			13	13
East North Central		16	16	16
West North Central		8	8	8
South Atlantic		21	21	21
East South Central		6	6	6
West South Central		9	9	9
Mountain			7	7
Pacific		15	15	15

#### SPLIT SAMPLE A

1. Over the past three years, do you think life in the United States has gotten better, stayed about the same, or gotten worse?

Gotten better	21	23	20
Stayed about the same		39	32
Gotten worse	42	38	46
(Don't know)		0	2

# **END SPLIT SAMPLE A – GO TO Q3**

# **SPLIT SAMPLE B**

2. Overall would you say that things in the United States are headed in the right direction or are things pretty seriously off on the wrong track?

Right direction	. 29	27	30
Wrong track		64	61
(Don't know)		9	9

**END SPLIT SAMPLE B – GO TO Q3** 

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
N=	700	336	364

Now I'd like to ask you about some public figures and institutions. For each, please tell me whether you have a <u>very favorable</u>, <u>somewhat</u> favorable, somewhat <u>unfavorable</u>, or <u>very</u> unfavorable impression. If you haven't heard of the person **{6}**, or if you don't know enough about that person or institution to have an impression **{5}**, just say so and we will move on. [**READ NAME**.] Do you have a <u>very favorable</u>, <u>somewhat</u> favorable, somewhat <u>unfavorable</u>, or <u>very</u> unfavorable impression of [**NAME**]?

9. SSA:	The Occupational Safety and Health			
Admir	nistration, or OSHA	. 26	29	23
15. SSA:	: Rules	. 24	21	26
6. Your	Governor	. 23	22	25
11. SSB:	: The United States Department of			
Agricu	ulture, or USDA	. 21	20	21
7. The L	J.S. Environmental Protection Agency, or			
EPA		. 19	20	19
8. SSA:	The Food and Drug Administration, or			
FDA	-	. 19	21	18
13. SSB:	: The Consumer Product Safety			
	nission	. 18	14	22
12. SSB:	: National Highway Transportation Safety			
Admin	nistration	. 18	17	20
14. SSA:	: Regulations	. 18	16	20
16. SSB:	: Enforcement of regulations	. 17	17	17
5. Your	State Government	. 16	13	18
17. SSB:	: Standards	. 15	13	17
3. Big bu	usiness	. 14	15	13
10. SSA:	: The Consumer Finance Protection			
Burea	ıu	. 11	13	9
4. The F	Federal Government	8	8	8

#### **ASK FIRST**

3. \_Big business

Very favorable	14	15	13
Somewhat favorable		31	28
Somewhat unfavorable	23	23	23
Very unfavorable	20	20	20
No opinion		10	15
Never heard		1	0
		40	
Favorable	44	46	41
Unfavorable	43	43	43

	N=	TOTAI 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364
4.	_The Federal Government			
	Very favorable	24 28 33 7	8 24 32 30 6 0	8 24 25 35 8 0
	FavorableUnfavorable		33 62	32 60
5.	_Your State Government			
	Very favorable	38 20 17 9	13 39 19 19 9	18 36 21 15 10 0
	FavorableUnfavorable		53 38	54 36
6.	_Your Governor			
	Very favorable Somewhat favorable Somewhat unfavorable Very unfavorable No opinion Never heard	31 15 20 10	22 31 15 21 9 1	25 31 15 18 11 0
	FavorableUnfavorable		53 36	55 33

	N=	TOTAL 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364
[R/	ANDOMIZE LIST]			
7.	_The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, or EPA			
	Very favorable	33 15 18 14	20 29 18 20 11	19 36 12 16 16
	FavorableUnfavorable		49 38	55 28
SP	PLIT SAMPLE A			
8.	_The Food and Drug Administration, or FDA			
	Very favorable	39 16 15 11	21 43 15 13 9	18 36 17 16 13
	Favorable		63 27	53 34
9.	_The Occupational Safety and Health Administration, o			•
	Very favorable	32 11 6 22	29 32 13 7 16 4	23 32 9 5 28 3
	FavorableUnfavorable	_	61 20	54 14

	TOTAL N= 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364
10The Consumer Finance Protection Bureau			
Very favorableSomewhat favorableSomewhat unfavorableVery unfavorableNo opinionNever heard	25 10 7 36	13 25 13 5 31	9 26 8 10 40 7
FavorableUnfavorable		38 17	35 18
END SPLIT SAMPLE A			
SPLIT SAMPLE B			
11The United States Department of Agriculture,	or USDA		
Very favorableSomewhat favorableSomewhat unfavorableVery unfavorableNo opinionNever heard	37 14 11 16	20 28 18 15 16 2	21 45 11 8 15 0
FavorableUnfavorable		49 33	66 19
12National Highway Transportation Safety Admir	nistration		
Very favorableSomewhat favorableSomewhat unfavorableVery unfavorableNo opinionNever heard	37 14 11 19	17 35 11 16 21	20 39 16 6 17 2
FavorableUnfavorable		51 27	58 23

	N=	TOTAL 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364
13The Consumer Product Safety Commission				
Very favorable		37 10 7 22	14 43 10 10 17 5	22 31 10 5 26 5
FavorableUnfavorable			57 20	54 15
END SPLIT SAMPLE B				
ASK LAST – ROTATE				
SPLIT SAMPLE A  14Regulations				
Very favorable		40 17 12 13	16 41 21 14 8 0	20 39 13 11 17 0
FavorableUnfavorable			56 35	59 24
15Rules				
Very favorable		40 12 9 14	21 42 15 9 11	26 38 10 8 17
FavorableUnfavorable			64 24	64 18

		N=	TOTAL 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364
SPLIT SAM	PLE B				
16Enfor	cement of regulations				
Ver	y favorable		17	17	17
	newhat favorable			21	26
Son	newhat unfavorable		20	19	21
Very	/ unfavorable		19	20	17
No	opinion		17	19	16
Nev	er heard		3	3	3
Fav	orable		41	39	43
Unfa	avorable		39	40	38
17Stanc	lards				
Ver	/ favorable		15	13	17
	newhat favorable			25	32
	newhat unfavorable			15	11
	/ unfavorable			14	7
	ppinion			25	32
	er heard			7	1
Fav	orable		44	38	49
Unfa	avorable		24	30	19

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
N=	700	336	364

#### **SPLIT SAMPLE A**

18. In your opinion, does the enforcement of our laws and regulations in the U.S. generally work or generally not work?

[IF WORKS/ NOT WORK] And do you feel that way strongly or not-so strongly.

Generally works – strongly	I 30	33
Generally works – not-so strongly 34	4 35	34
Generally does not work – not-so strongly 15		10
Generally does not work – strongly 16	3 13	19
(Don't know)	4 3	5
Generally works66	65	66
Generally does not work30	32	29

19. And which of the following concerns you more: [ROTATE TWO STATEMENTS]

\_Too much enforcement of laws and regulations in the U.S.  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{OR}}$ 

\_Too little enforcement of laws and regulations in the U.S.

[IF STATEMENT] And do you feel that way strongly or not-so strongly?

Too much – strongly 18	21	16
Too much – not-so strongly 12	11	13
Too little – not-so strongly	16	16
Too little – strongly	33	38
(Both) 11	10	12
(Neither)4	6	2
(Don't know)4	4	4
Too much30	32	29
Too little51	49	54

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
N=	700	336	364

## **SPLIT SAMPLE B**

20. In your opinion, does enforcement of our laws and regulations in the U.S. succeed more often than it fails, or does it fail more often than it succeeds?

[IF SUCCEEDS/ FAILS] And do you feel that way strongly or not-so strongly.

Succeeds more than fails – strongly	19	21	18
Succeeds more than fails - not-so strongly	25	22	27
Fails more than succeeds - not-so strongly	22	24	20
Fails more than succeeds – strongly	26	26	26
(Don't know)	7	7	8
Succeeds more	44	43	45
Fails more	48	50	46

21. In your opinion, do you think that enforcement of our laws and regulations in the U.S. is too tough, not tough enough, or about right?

Too tough 8	8	9
About right40	37	43
Not tough enough44	49	40
(Don't know)	7	8

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
N=	700	336	364

22. And in general, when the enforcement of our laws and regulations in the U.S. does not work, what do you think is the biggest reason why, is it **[RANDOMIZE]** \_corporate lobbyists getting loopholes written into laws, \_lack of funding and inspectors, \_limited authority to enforce the laws, \_bureaucratic incompetence, \_the regulations are not tough enough, \_government bureaucrats politically targeting certain companies, or is it something else?

Bureaucratic incompetence	24	25	24
Corporate lobbyists getting loopholes written into			
laws	23	22	25
Limited authority to enforce	. 8	9	7
Political targeting by bureaucrats	. 7	6	9
Lack of funding/ inspectors	. 7	6	7
The regulations are not tough enough	. 5	6	5
(Something else)	. 4	4	3
(All)	15	15	16
(None)	. 1	1	1
(Don't know)	. 6	6	5

# SPLIT SAMPLE AC - 1/4 of SAMPLE - [TOUGHER]

23. Do you agree or disagree with this statement: we need tougher enforcement of our laws and regulations in the U.S.?

[IF AGREE/ DISAGREE] And do you feel that way strongly or not-so strongly.

Agree – strongly	52	51	53
Agree – not-so strongly	22	24	21
Disagree – not-so strongly		8	11
Disagree – strongly		10	13
(Don't know)		6	2
Agree	74	75	74
Disagree		19	24

#### **END SPLIT SAMPLE AC**

#### SPLIT SAMPLE AD - 1/4 of SAMPLE - [FAIRER, MORE EQUAL]

24. Do you agree or disagree with this statement: we need fairer, more equal enforcement of our laws and regulations in the U.S.?

[IF AGREE/ DISAGREE] And do you feel that way strongly or not-so strongly.

Agree – strongly	78	83	73
Agree – not-so strongly	10	3	15
Disagree – not-so strongly		10	4
Disagree – strongly		3	1
(Don't know)		1	8
Agree	.87	86	88
Disagree	8	12	5

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
N=	700	336	364

# SPLIT SAMPLE BC - 1/4 of SAMPLE - [MORE COMMONSENSE]

25. Do you agree or disagree with this statement: we need more commonsense enforcement of our laws and regulations in the U.S.?

[IF AGREE/ DISAGREE] And do you feel that way strongly or not-so strongly.

Agree – strongly	79	78	79
Agree – not-so strongly	12	7	15
Disagree – not-so strongly		2	4
Disagree – strongly		11	0
(Don't know)	1	1	2
Agree	90	86	94
Disagree	8	14	4

# **END SPLIT SAMPLE BC**

#### SPLIT SAMPLE BD - 1/4 of SAMPLE - [PROPER]

26. Do you agree or disagree with this statement: we need proper enforcement of our laws and regulations in the U.S.?

[IF AGREE/ DISAGREE] And do you feel that way strongly or not-so strongly.

Agree – strongly 80	84	75
Agree – not-so strongly 15	13	16
Disagree – not-so strongly 3	2	4
Disagree – strongly1	0	2
(Don't know)1	0	2
A	07	0.4
Agree94	97	91
Disagree4	. 2	6

#### **END SPLIT SAMPLE BD**

23/24/25/26. Combined Initial

Agree – strongly 7	'2	74	70
Agree – not-so strongly 1		12	17
Disagree – not-so strongly		6	6
Disagree – strongly	5	6	4
(Don't know)	3	2	3
Agree8	37	86	87
Disagree1	1	12	10

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
N=	700	336	364

## **SPLIT SAMPLE A**

27. Generally speaking, do you think that increased enforcement of our national laws and regulations is a good thing or a bad thing? [IF GOOD/BAD] And do you feel that way strongly, or not-so strongly?

Good – strongly	40	15	52
		40	52
Good – not-so strongly	22	25	19
Bad – not-so strongly		5	5
Bad – strongly		11	7
(Mixed – vol if had to choose)	13	10	16
(Don't know)	3	4	2
Good	71	70	71
Bad		16	12

#### **END SPLIT SAMPLE A**

# **SPLIT SAMPLE B**

28. Generally speaking, do you think that increased enforcement of your state's laws and regulations is a good thing or a bad thing? [IF GOOD/BAD] And do you feel that way strongly, or not-so strongly?

Good – strongly	55	47	62
Good – not-so strongly	19	20	18
Bad – not-so strongly		5	6
Bad – strongly		8	1
(Mixed – vol if had to choose)		16	10
(Don't know)		4	3
Good	74	67	80
Bad	10	13	7

TOTAL MEN WOMEN N= 700 336 364

Now, I am going to read you some words and phrases that have been used to describe the enforcement of laws and regulations. Please tell me how well you think each describes the enforcement of laws and regulations: VERY well, PRETTY well, NOT too well, or not well AT ALL. If you don't know how well a word or phrase describes the enforcement of laws and regulations, just say so and we'll go on.

**[READ FIRST ITEM.]** Does that describe the enforcement of laws and regulations VERY well, PRETTY well, NOT too well, or not well AT ALL?

Sorted by Very Well
---------------------

ı Dy	very vven			
	SSB: Can protect seniors and children	26	26	27
	lives	26	23	28
33.	SSA: Can protect against deadly mistakes, saving lives	25	26	24
40.		25	20	24
	and water	24	22	25
36.	SSA: Can hold big businesses and corporations accountable	23	23	23
31.	·	23	23	23
	foreign imports	23	22	23
30.	SSA: Can prevent pollution of our air, land, and water	23	25	20
37.	SSA: Can force the government to be	20	20	20
40	accountable	22	27	18
46.	SSB: Can force big businesses and corporations to be accountable	21	18	24
35.	SSA: Can prevent the financial markets from		10	
47	harming the U.S. economy		17	24
	SSB: Can hold government accountable	20	15	25
	us	20	16	24
41.	SSB: Can keep dangerous foreign imports from coming to the U.S	20	17	23
38.	SSA: Can level the playing field for working	20	17	23
	people	20	20	20
34.	SSA: Can level the playing field for communities of color	19	15	23
42.	SSB: Can safeguard against costly mistakes,			
22	saving the public money  SSA: Can prevent costly mistakes, saving the	18	15	20
32.	public money	18	14	21
44.	SSB: Can make life better for communities of			4.0
45	SSB: Can protect the U.S. economy from	1/	15	18
	harm caused by the financial markets	16	11	22
48.	3	15	1.1	16
	businesses	10	14	16

	N	<b>1</b> =	TOTAL 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364
SPL	IT SAMPLE A				
29.	_Can protect the most vulnerable among us				
	Very well Pretty well Not too well Not well at all (don't know)		31 30 14	16 37 34 8 4	24 26 26 19 5
	WellNot well			53 42	50 45
30.	_Can prevent pollution of our air, land, and water				
	Very well Pretty well Not too well Not well at all (don't know)		41 22 13	25 42 18 13 3	20 40 25 13 2
	WellNot well			67 30	60 38
31.	_Can ensure oversight of dangerous foreign imports	6			
	Very well		35 19 16	22 37 19 15 6	23 32 19 17 9
	Well Not well			60 35	55 36
32.	_Can prevent costly mistakes, saving the public mor	ney	,		
	Very well Pretty well Not too well Not well at all (don't know)		33 27 17	14 36 26 18 6	21 31 28 17 3
	WellNot well		-	50 44	52 45

		N=	TOTAL 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364
33.	_Can protect against deadly mistakes, saving lives	3			
	Very well		45 15 9	26 47 14 9 4	24 44 16 9 6
	WellNot well			73 23	68 26
34.	_Can level the playing field for communities of color				
	Very well		29 24 16	15 39 21 15 10	23 19 28 18 12
	WellNot well		_	55 36	43 45
35.	_Can prevent the financial markets from harming the	he L	I.S. econom	у	
	Very well Pretty well Not too well Not well at all (don't know)		23 28 23	17 28 27 21 6	24 18 28 25 5
	WellNot well			45 48	42 53
36.	_Can hold big businesses and corporations accoun	ntab	le		
	Very well		28 23 20	23 32 22 17 6	23 25 23 24 5
	WellNot well			55 40	48 47

		N=	TOTAL 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364
37Ca	an force the government to be accountable				
F N	/ery well Pretty well Not too well Not well at all(don't know)		24 26 23	27 25 23 21 4	18 23 28 25 5
	Vell Not well			52 44	42 53
38Ca	an level the playing field for working people				
F N	/ery well Pretty well Not too well Not well at all (don't know)		29 28 16	20 32 27 13 8	20 25 29 19 7
	Velllot well			52 40	45 48
	LIT SAMPLE A				
	AMPLE B an protect seniors and children				
F N	/ery well Pretty well Not too well Not well at all (don't know)		40 21 9	26 38 20 10 7	27 42 22 7 2
v	Vell Not well		00	63 30	69 29
40Ca	an reduce pollution of our air, land, and water				
F N	/ery well Pretty well Not too well Not well at all (don't know)		35 24 10	22 33 22 15 8	25 37 27 6 5
	Velllot well			55 37	62 33

		N=	TOTAL 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364
41.	_Can keep dangerous foreign imports from comir	ng to	the U.S.		
	Very well Pretty well Not too well Not well at all (don't know)		35 22 19	17 35 20 23 4	23 34 23 15 5
	WellNot well			52 43	57 38
42.	_Can safeguard against costly mistakes, saving the	he pı	ıblic money		
	Very well Pretty well Not too well Not well at all (don't know)		28 31 18	15 27 29 25 4	20 29 33 13 5
	WellNot well			42 53	49 46
43.	_Can prevent deadly mistakes, saving lives				
	Very well Pretty well Not too well Not well at all (don't know)  Well Not well		42 20 8 4	23 42 19 12 4 65 31	28 42 21 4 5
44.	_Can make life better for communities of color				
	Very well Pretty well Not too well Not well at all (don't know)		35 21 18	15 33 15 24 13	18 36 27 12 7
	WellNot well			49 39	54 39

		N=	TOTAL 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364
45.	_Can protect the U.S. economy from harm cause	d by t	the financia	al markets	
	Very well Pretty well Not too well Not well at all (don't know)		28 28 21	11 32 28 21 8	22 25 28 20 5
	WellNot well			43 49	46 49
46.	_Can force big businesses and corporations to be	e acco	ountable		
	Very well		30 29 14	18 33 25 16 8	24 27 33 13 3
	Well			51 41	51 46
47.	_Can hold government accountable				
	Very well Pretty well Not too well Not well at all (don't know)		23 29 25	15 27 24 30 4	25 19 34 21 1
	WellNot well			42 54	44 55
48.	_Can level the playing field for small businesses				
	Very well		28 32 19	14 30 30 20 6	16 27 35 18 4
	Well		-	43 50	43 53

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
N=	700	336	364

And now for a different list of words and phrases that have been used to describe the enforcement of laws and regulations.

Sorte	ed by Very Well 53. SSA: Not equally applied40	38	42
	54. SSB: Not fairly applied	37	38
	51. SSA: Hurts small businesses	24	26
	49. SSA: Ineffective	18	25
	50. SSB: Too costly	21	21
	52. SSB: Costs jobs	24	18
49.	SSA: _Ineffective		
	Very well22	18	25
	Pretty well	33	34
	Not too well	36	26
	Not well at all 8	11	5
	(don't know) 7	3	10
	Well55	51	59
	Not well	46	31
50.	SSB: _Too costly		
	Very well21	21	21
	Pretty well	33	30
	Not too well	18	23
	Not well at all	23	17
	(don't know) 6	4	8
	Well53	55	51
	Not well 41	41	41
51.	SSA: _Hurts small businesses		
	Very well25	24	26
	Pretty well	32	32
	Not too well	25	20
	Not well at all9	8	10
	(don't know)	11	12
	Well	55	58
	Not well 31	33	30
		30	30

	TOT N= 70		WOMEN 364
52.	SSB: _Costs jobs		
	Very well       21         Pretty well       28         Not too well       25         Not well at all       17         (don't know)       10	31 5 18 7 17	18 24 31 16 10
	Well		42 48
53.	SSA: _Not equally applied		
	Very well       40         Pretty well       27         Not too well       17         Not well at all       5         (don't know)       12	7 18 7 20 5 7	42 34 14 3 8
	Well		76 16
54.	SSB: _Not fairly applied		
	Very well       38         Pretty well       30         Not too well       16         Not well at all       9         (don't know)       7	34 5 13 9 12	38 26 19 7 10
	Well	• •	64 26

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
N=	700	336	364

Now, I am going to read you a list of entities where enforcement of laws and regulations can take place. For each entity, please tell me how **important** you think **enforcement** of laws and regulations is, using a scale from 0 to 10 with 10 meaning you think **enforcement** is extremely important, 0 meaning you think it is not important at all, and 5 meaning you don't know or are undecided. You can be anywhere in between. If you're unsure about a particular item, just say so, and we'll go on.

Sorted by 10, Extremely Important		
68. SSB: Clean water	57	71
64. SSB: The food and drugs imported from other		
countries56	53	59
60. SSB: Government officials	48	51
71. SSA: Civil rights	46	52
72. SSB: Discrimination	42	55
62. SSB: The drugs produced in the U.S	43	50
55. SSA: Nuclear energy and power plants 46	45	47
57. SSA: Wall Street banks and the financial		
industry44	40	48
63. SSA: The products that the United States		
imports from other countries44	39	48
67. SSA: Clean air43	41	45
56. SSB: The safety of workplaces42	34	49
<ol><li>SSA: The food grown and produced in the</li></ol>		
U.S 41	41	40
58. SSB: Credit card companies	37	42
70. SSB: Gas prices	33	45
69. SSA: Oil companies	34	43
66. SSB: The lending industry	34	39
59. SSA: Special interests and lobbyists	33	35
65. SSA: The home mortgage industry	31	34
55. SSA: _Nuclear energy and power plants		
Mean8.1	8.1	8.1
10 – Extremely important	45	47
8-921	24	19
6-7 12	12	12
5 – Neutral12	12	12
1-45	4	6
0 – Not important at all 2	2	1
(don't know) 2	0	3
6-10 – Important	81	77
5, DK – Neutral14	12	16
0-4 – Not Important 7	6	7

	N=	TOTAL 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364
56.	SSB: _The safety of workplaces			
	Mean	8.2	7.9	8.4
	10 – Extremely important	31 13 8 2 3	34 36 12 10 4 4	49 28 14 7 1 2
	6-10 – Important 5, DK – Neutral 0-4 – Not Important	8	82 10 8	90 7 3
57.	SSA: _Wall Street banks and the financial industry			
	Mean	7.9	7.8	8.0
	10 – Extremely important	20 16 10 6 2	40 24 19 6 6 3	48 16 14 14 6 2
	6-10 – Important 5, DK – Neutral 0-4 – Not Important	11	83 8 9	78 15 7
58.	SSB: _Credit card companies			
	Mean	7.8	7.7	7.9
	10 – Extremely important	27 14 9 6 4	37 27 18 8 5 5	42 28 10 9 7 3 1
	6-10 – Important 5, DK – Neutral 0-4 – Not Important	9	82 8 10	80 10 10

	TOT N= 70		WOMEN 364
59.	SSA: _Special interests and lobbyists		
	Mean7.0	6.7	7.3
	10 – Extremely important       34         8-9       18         6-7       12         5 – Neutral       16         1-4       11         0 – Not important at all       6         (don't know)       3	3 18 2 10 6 16 1 15 6 7	35 19 14 16 8 5
	6-10 – Important	9 18	68 20 13
60.	SSB: _Government officials		
	Mean8.0	7.6	8.2
	10 – Extremely important       50         8-9       17         6-7       13         5 – Neutral       7         1-4       8         0 – Not important at all       5         (don't know)       0	7 15 3 11 7 8 3 11 5 6	51 19 15 6 5 3
	6-10 – Important	9	86 7 7
61.	SSA: _The food grown and produced in the U.S.		
	Mean 8.1	I 8.1	8.0
	10 – Extremely important       41         8-9       26         6-7       16         5 – Neutral       9         1-4       5         0 – Not important at all       2         (don't know)       1	28 6 16 9 9 5 4 2 2	40 24 16 10 6 2
	6-10 – Important	9	81 11 8

	N=	TOTAL 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364
62.	SSB: _The drugs produced in the U.S.			
	Mean	8.2	8.0	8.3
	10 – Extremely important	26 9 10 4 4	43 27 8 11 4 5 3	50 25 9 10 4 3
	6-10 – Important 5, DK – Neutral 0-4 – Not Important	12	78 13 9	84 10 6
63.	SSA: _The products that the United States imports fro	m other co	ountries	
	Mean	8.0	7.7	8.2
	10 – Extremely important	24 12 11 8 1	39 27 12 11 9 1	48 21 12 10 7 1
	6-10 – Important 5, DK – Neutral 0-4 – Not Important	12	78 13 10	81 11 8
64.	SSB: _The food and drugs imported from other country	ries		
	Mean	8.4	8.2	8.5
	10 – Extremely important	20 5 10 6 3 0	53 22 5 10 5 5 0 80 10	59 18 6 10 6 1 0 82 10 7

	N=	TOTAL 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364
65.	SSA: _The home mortgage industry			
	Mean	7.4	7.3	7.6
	10 – Extremely important	. 24 . 19 . 12 8 3	31 23 20 12 8 4 2	34 24 18 12 8 2
	6-10 – Important 5, DK – Neutral 0-4 – Not Important	. 14	74 14 12	76 14 10
66.	SSB: _The lending industry			
	Mean	7.7	7.5	8.0
	10 – Extremely important	. 23 . 16 . 13 5 3	34 21 18 16 4 4	39 25 14 11 5 1
	6-10 – Important 5, DK – Neutral 0-4 – Not Important	. 17	73 19 8	79 15 6
67.	SSA: _Clean air			
	Mean	7.9	7.9	8.0
	10 – Extremely important	. 24 . 12 . 12 9 1	41 24 14 11 9 1	45 23 10 12 8 1
	6-10 – Important 5, DK – Neutral 0-4 – Not Important	. 12	79 11 10	78 12 10

	N=	TOTAL 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364
68.	SSB: _Clean water			
	Mean	8.7	8.5	8.9
	10 – Extremely important	16 8 6 4 2	57 22 7 4 5 4	71 11 8 7 2 1
	6-10 – Important 5, DK – Neutral 0-4 – Not Important	6	87 4 9	90 7 3
69.	SSA: _Oil companies			
	Mean	7.7	7.5	7.9
	10 – Extremely important	21 18 11 8 3	34 24 18 10 8 5	43 17 18 11 8 1
	6-10 – Important 5, DK – Neutral 0-4 – Not Important	12	76 11 13	78 13 9
70.	SSB: _Gas prices			
	Mean	7.4	6.9	7.8
	10 – Extremely important	18 16 11 10 5	33 20 14 11 13 7 2	45 16 17 12 6 4 1
	6-10 – Important 5, DK – Neutral 0-4 – Not Important	12	67 13 20	78 12 10

	TOTAL N= 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364
71.	SSA: _Civil rights		
	Mean 8.2	7.9	8.4
	10 - Extremely important       49         8-9       22         6-7       10         5 - Neutral       10         1-4       6         0 - Not important at all       2         (don't know)       1         6-10 - Important       81         5, DK - Neutral       11         0-4 - Not Important       8	46 20 13 10 6 3 1 79 11	52 23 7 10 6 1 0 82 10 7
72.	SSB: _Discrimination		
	Mean 8.1	7.9	8.3
	10 – Extremely important       49         8-9       18         6-7       14         5 – Neutral       11         1-4       3         0 – Not important at all       3         (don't know)       1	42 20 18 9 4 5	55 17 11 13 2 1
	6-10 – Important	80 11 9	82 14 4

TOTAL MEN WOMEN
N= 700 336 364

#### SPLIT SAMPLE C—POPULIST/ FAIR, JUST APPLICATION

Now, I'd like to read you two different statements people have made regarding the enforcement of laws and regulations in the U.S. [ROTATE ORDER OF STATEMENTS]

\_(Some people say/Other people say) proper enforcement of our laws and regulations can ensure that everyone plays by the same set of rules. Today, the system is too often rigged to favor the wealthy and powerful over ordinary Americans, or big corporations over small businesses. That's an argument for better enforcement. Whether prohibiting big banks from destroying our economy, stopping the credit card industry from charging hidden fees, or preventing the wealthiest 1% from hiding billions of tax dollars in offshore tax havens—we need stronger, more just enforcement of our laws and regulations to ensure that everyone has a fair shot.

\_(Some people say/Other people say) protecting consumers is important but government regulation has gone too far, so that some politicians seem to think government is the answer to every problem. Increased regulation, bureaucratic red tape, mandates, and uneven enforcement hold back economic growth and destroy jobs. America was built on the free market and free enterprise. Forcing entrepreneurs, small business owners, and citizens to submit to arbitrary government regulations puts all the power in the hands of out-of-touch bureaucrats. It raises the costs of goods and services at a time when we can't afford higher prices.

73. Sometimes over the course of a survey like this, people change their minds. Do you agree or disagree with this statement: we need tougher enforcement of our laws and regulations in the U.S.?

[IF AGREE/ DISAGREE] And do you feel that way strongly or not-so strongly.

Agree – strongly 57	54	60
Agree – not-so strongly	22	24
Disagree – not-so strongly 6	7	5
Disagree – strongly10	12	8
(Don't know)4	6	3
Agree 80	75	84
Disagree	19	13

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
N=	700	336	364

#### SPLIT SAMPLE D—PROTECTION/ PREVENTION

Now, I'd like to read you two different statements people have made regarding the enforcement of laws and regulations in the U.S. [ROTATE ORDER OF STATEMENTS]

\_(Some people say/Other people say) enforcement of our laws and regulations is about safeguarding Americans. And when done properly, enforcement can prevent economic catastrophe, protect our health, and save lives. Whether it's preventing dangerous foreign imports and food products—affected by e.Coli [EEE COE-LIE] and salmonella poisoning—from coming to U.S. markets. Preventing dangerous pollutants from contaminating our land, air and drinking water. Or ensuring nuclear and toxic waste facilities safely contain their content. Proper enforcement of our laws helps keep Americans and our communities safer from physical and economic harm.

\_(Some people say/Other people say) protecting consumers is important but government regulation has gone too far, so that some politicians seem to think government is the answer to every problem. Increased regulation, bureaucratic red tape, mandates, and uneven enforcement hold back economic growth and destroy jobs. America was built on the free market and free enterprise. Forcing entrepreneurs, small business owners, and citizens to submit to arbitrary government regulations puts all the power in the hands of out-of-touch bureaucrats. It raises the costs of goods and services at a time when we can't afford higher prices.

74. Sometimes over the course of a survey like this, people change their minds. Do you agree or disagree with this statement: we need tougher enforcement of our laws and regulations in the U.S.?

[IF AGREE/ DISAGREE] And do you feel that way strongly or not-so strongly.

Agree – strongly 54	54	55
Agree – not-so strongly 21	20	22
Disagree – not-so strongly11		10
Disagree – strongly9		10
(Don't know)4	4	5
Agree	5 74	76
Disagree		19

#### **END SPLIT SAMPLE D**

#### 73/74. Combined Profile

[IF AGREE/ DISAGREE] And do you feel that way strongly or not-so strongly.

Agree – strongly 5	6	54	57
Agree – not-so strongly 2	2	21	23
Disagree – not-so strongly		10	7
Disagree – strongly1		11	9
(Don't know)		5	4
Agree	7	74	80
Disagree 1		21	16

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
N=	700	336	364

Now I am going to read you some statements in support of tougher enforcement of laws and regulation. Please tell me whether each statement I read is a very convincing, somewhat convincing, not too convincing, or not at all convincing reason to support tougher enforcement of laws and regulation. If you are not sure how you feel about a particular item, please say so.

**PROMPT EVERY THIRD STATEMENT**: Is that a VERY convincing, SOMEWHAT convincing, NOT TOO convincing, or not AT ALL convincing reason to support tougher enforcement of laws and regulation?

#### Sorted by Very Convincing

_	, ,			
	88. West Virginia Case Study	. 70	66	73
	82. SSA: West Texas Case Study /Last Visit '85	. 66	66	66
	83. SSB: West TExas Case Study /Once Every			
	136 Years	. 61	51	70
	84. SSA: CPSC Case Study	. 60	62	59
	89. CFPB - Deceptive Marketing		55	65
	87. SSB: Wage and Hour Enforcement /Criminal			
	Penalties	. 59	50	68
	80. SSA: Economic Populist /CEOs	. 59	58	60
	85. SSB: CPSC Case Study /Not Enough -			
	Chinese Toys	. 58	52	63
	77. SSB: Inadequate Penalties /Need Teeth	. 57	55	59
	79. SSB: Small business /Little Guy	. 56	50	61
	86. SSA: Wage and Hour Enforcement /Pols			
	Cutting Enforcement	. 54	56	53
	78. SSA: Small Business /Economic Boom	. 54	52	55
	75. Security: Families	. 53	50	56
	81. SSB: Economic Populist /Rigged /Specifics		45	60
	76. SSA: Inadequate Penalties /Criminal Penalties	. 51	51	52

## [SECURITY: FAMILIES]

75. \_Most American families are too busy and simply don't have the tools they need to protect themselves against dangerous foreign imports, toxic industrial pollution of our air and water, or the predatory practices of unsavory corporations. When enforcement is underfunded, weakened or unevenly applied, our families are all put at risk. We need proper enforcement of our laws and regulations to protect our families and keep them safe.

Very convincing53	50	56
Somewhat convincing32	35	29
Not too convincing 8	8	8
Not at all convincing4	4	4
(Don't know)3	3	2
Convincing	85	86
Not convincing 12	12	12

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
N=	700	336	364

## **SPLIT SAMPLE A** [INADEQUATE PENALTIES/ CRIMINAL PENALTIES]

76. \_Enforcement of our laws needs to be updated regularly to reflect new threats in a rapidly changing world. We can't trust Wall St. CEOs, big polluters, or foreign companies to police themselves when penalties are so low. Currently, employers who have a death in their workplace are fined an average of \$7,000. CEOs should be held criminally responsible if they're found responsible for workplace deaths, not just have to pay a minor fine that's built into the cost of doing business.

Very convincing5	51 5	51	52
Somewhat convincing	9 3	30	29
Not too convincing	6	5	7
Not at all convincing	7	10	5
(Don't know)		5	7
Convincing 8	31 8	30	81
Not convincing 1		15	12

## **SPLIT SAMPLE B** [INADEQUATE PENALTIES/ NEED TEETH]

77. \_Enforcement of our laws needs to be updated regularly to reflect new threats in a rapidly changing world. We can't trust Wall St. CEOs, big polluters, or foreign companies to police themselves when penalties are so low. Currently, employers who have a death in their workplace are fined an average of \$7,000. We owe it to our families to make sure enforcement measures have real teeth and are updated to meet new realities and new threats.

Very convincing	57	55	59
Somewhat convincing	27	23	31
Not too convincing	7	8	6
Not at all convincing	5	9	1
(Don't know)	3	4	3
Convincing	85	79	90
Not convincing		18	7

# **SPLIT SAMPLE A** [SMALL BUSINESS/ ECONOMIC BOON]

78. \_Small businesses are the engine of the American economy. But one of the biggest threats to small businesses comes in the form of big corporations using their political influence and armies of paid lobbyists to negotiate fines down to nothing and to squeeze small businesses out of the marketplace. Universally enforcing clear, simple standards helps small businesses compete on equal turf, encourages innovation and growth, and ensures the highest quality products and services for consumers.

Very convincing54	52	55
Somewhat convincing	2 32	33
Not too convincing	7 8	5
Not at all convincing	1 5	4
(Don't know)		2
Convincing	83	88
Not convincing 11	13	9

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
N=	700	336	364

## **SPLIT SAMPLE B** [SMALL BUSINESS/ LITTLE GUY]

79. \_Small businesses are the engine of the American economy. But one of the biggest threats to small businesses comes in the form of big corporations using their political influence and armies of paid lobbyists to negotiate fines down to nothing and squeeze small businesses out of the marketplace. Universally enforcing clear, simple standards helps small businesses compete on equal turf. Big corporations already have enough advantages. Our small businesses need someone looking out for the little guy.

Very convincing 56	50	61
Somewhat convincing32	32	32
Not too convincing 7	9	6
Not at all convincing 3	6	1
(Don't know)1		1
Convincing 88	82	93
Not convincing 11	15	7

# **SPLIT SAMPLE A [ECONOMIC POPULIST/ CEOs]**

80. \_As Americans, we prize innovation, entrepreneurship, and hard work—but all of that means little when multinational corporations are allowed to operate unchecked and take advantage of us. The CEOs who wrecked our economy, wrote themselves bonuses from our bailout money and don't pay their fair share of taxes, should be held accountable and not allowed to commit the same crimes again. It's past time we started protecting regular working families. Because if CEOs continue playing by their own rules, our shrinking middle class will disappear entirely.

Very convincing	59	58	60
Somewhat convincing	24	22	27
Not too convincing		4	5
Not at all convincing		8	5
(Don't know)		8	4
Convincing		80	86
Not convincing	11	12	10

#### **SPLIT SAMPLE B** [ECONOMIC POPULIST/ RIGGED/ SPECIFICS]

81. \_As Americans, we prize innovation, entrepreneurship, and hard work—but too often the system is rigged to favor the wealthy and powerful over ordinary Americans. Whether prohibiting big banks from destroying our economy, stopping the credit card industry from charging hidden fees, or preventing the wealthiest 1% from hiding billions of tax dollars in offshore tax havens—we need stronger, more just enforcement of our laws and regulations to ensure that everyone has a fair shot.

Very convincing	53	45	60
Somewhat convincing	26	29	22
Not too convincing		11	12
Not at all convincing		12	4
(Don't know)		2	3
Convincing	78	75	82
Not convincing	19	23	16

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
N=	700	336	364

#### **SPLIT SAMPLE A** [WEST TEXAS CASE STUDY/ LAST VISIT '85]

82. \_When enforcement of public protections is neglected, the results can be disastrous. In 2013, an explosion at a fertilizer facility in West, Texas killed 15 people, including 12 first responders, and destroyed three schools, a nursing home, and hundreds of homes. The last time that facility was inspected by OSHA was in 1985, and despite a serious violation it got just a \$30 fine. We need strong and improved enforcement to prevent deadly situations like this.

Very convincing	66	66	66
Somewhat convincing	24	23	26
Not too convincing	4	6	2
Not at all convincing	2	2	3
(Don't know)		3	3
Convincing	90	89	92
Not convincing		8	5

# **SPLIT SAMPLE B** [WEST TEXAS CASE STUDY/ ONCE EVERY 136 YEARS]

83. \_When enforcement of public protections is neglected, the results can be disastrous. In 2013, an explosion at a fertilizer facility in West, Texas killed 15 people, including 12 first responders, and destroyed three schools, a nursing home, and hundreds of homes. With current staff, OSHA inspectors can visit workplaces like these only once every 136 years, on average. We need strong and improved enforcement to prevent deadly situations like this.

Very convincing	61	51	70
Somewhat convincing	27	34	20
Not too convincing	6	6	5
Not at all convincing	5	6	4
(Don't know)	2	3	1
Convincing	88	85	90
Not convincing		12	9

#### **SPLIT SAMPLE A [CPSC CASE STUDY]**

84. \_U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission investigators analyze data to focus their inspections on highrisk cargo. During one six-month period in 2013, the CPSC identified more than 600 shipments containing illegal or defective products from other countries, totaling about 8.2 million units, which inspectors prevented from moving into U.S. markets and into the hands of unsuspecting consumers. When enforcement is done right, it can save Americans dollars and lives.

Very convincing	. 29 6 2	62 26 6 3 4	59 32 6 1
Convincing Not convincing	. 89	88 9	91 8

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
N=	700	336	364

## SPLIT SAMPLE B [CPSC CASE STUDY/ NOT ENOUGH - CHINESE TOYS]

85. \_U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission investigators analyze data to focus their inspections on high-risk cargo. During one six-month period in 2013, the CPSC identified more than 600 shipments containing illegal or defective products from other countries, totaling about 8.2 million units and prevented them from entering our markets. But hundreds of thousands of dangerous lead-based Chinese toys still made their way into U.S. stores and into the hands of our children. We need improved and expanded enforcement to protect America's youngest citizens.

Very convincing 58	52	63
Somewhat convincing	29	29
Not too convincing 7	11	4
Not at all convincing4	5	2
(Don't know)3	3	2
Convincing	81	92
Not convincing 11	16	6

#### SPLIT SAMPLE A [WAGE AND HOUR ENFORCEMENT] POLS CUTTING ENFORCEMENT]

86. \_The Fair Labor Standards Act bans oppressive child labor, requires workers be paid a minimum wage, and entitles workers to overtime pay. Even so, many employers break the law, don't pay workers for their time and illegally deduct money from their paychecks. The Department of Labor collected \$250 million in this kind of wage theft last year, but still lacked the resources and manpower to investigate thousands of other complaints. And politicians in over a dozen states have cut enforcement just at the time we need stronger enforcement of our laws.

Very convincing	54	56	53
Somewhat convincing	31	29	33
Not too convincing	5	5	5
Not at all convincing	5	7	4
(Don't know)		3	4
Convincing	86	85	86
		00	00
Not convincing	11	12	10

#### **SPLIT SAMPLE B** [WAGE AND HOUR ENFORCEMENT/ CRIMINAL PENALTIES]

87. \_The Fair Labor Standards Act bans oppressive child labor, requires workers be paid a minimum wage, and entitles workers to overtime pay. Even so, many employers break the law, don't pay workers for their time and illegally deduct money from their paychecks. The Department of Labor collected \$250 million in this kind of wage theft last year, but still lacked the resources and manpower to investigate thousands of other complaints. We need stronger enforcement, and CEOs who engage in wage theft should be held accountable with criminal penalties if found guilty.

Very convincing	30 4	50 39 3	68 22 6
Not at all convincing(Don't know)		5 3	3 1
Convincing	90	89	90
Not convincing	9	8	9

#### [WEST VIRGINIA CASE STUDY]

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
N=	700	336	364

88. \_Just this year, an estimated 10,000 gallons of toxic chemical waste leaked from a private storage facility into a West Virginia river due to lax enforcement. The leak contaminated the drinking water supply of over 300,000 residents, putting pregnant women, seniors, and children at risk. States are required to test public water systems regularly, but this water system hadn't been tested in over a decade, and warnings of contamination were ignored. We need proper enforcement to ensure disasters like this don't happen again.

Very convincing70	66	73
Somewhat convincing	21	20
Not too convincing 5	7	3
Not at all convincing 3	5	2
(Don't know)2	2	2
Convincing	86	93
Not convincing 8	11	6

## [CFPB - DECEPTIVE MARKETING]

89. \_Recently, the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau ordered Bank of America to pay nearly \$727 million in fines because of the bank's deceptive practices, including charging consumers for products they never agreed to. It also ordered JPMorgan Chase to pay customers \$309 million, and American Express to pay customers \$59.5 million for deceptive and unauthorized billing. This agency saved consumers nearly \$3.5 billion in excessive fees and interest since its creation two years ago. We need to strengthen enforcement of these laws, not weaken enforcement.

Very convincing	60	55	65
Somewhat convincing	28	31	25
Not too convincing	5	6	4
Not at all convincing	4	5	4
(Don't know)	3	4	3
Convincing	88	86	80
		00	00
Not convincing	9	11	8

#### **RESUME ASKING ALL**

90. Sometimes over the course of a survey like this, people change their minds. Do you agree or disagree with this statement: we need tougher enforcement of our laws and regulations in the U.S.?

[IF AGREE/ DISAGREE] And do you feel that way strongly or not-so strongly.

Agree – strongly	. 63	60	66
Agree – not-so strongly	. 20	18	21
Disagree – not-so strongly		10	6
Disagree – strongly		8	5
(Don't know)	2	3	2
Agree	. 83	79	87
Disagree		19	11

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
N=	700	336	364

#### **SPLIT SAMPLE A**

91. If a candidate for public office called for reducing our regulations, would this make you more or less likely to vote for that person, or wouldn't make any difference?

[IF MORE/ LESS] And do you feel that way strongly or not-so strongly.

More – strongly11	13	9
More – not-so strongly7	8	5
No difference	32	20
Less – not-so strongly	12	23
Less – strongly	29	35
(Don't know)7	5	8
More18	22	14
Less50	41	58

#### **END SPLIT SAMPLE A**

#### **SPLIT SAMPLE B**

92. If a candidate for public office called for cutting enforcement of our laws and regulations, would this make you more or less likely to vote for that person, or wouldn't it make any difference?

[IF MORE/ LESS] And do you feel that way strongly or not-so strongly.

More – strongly	11	11	10
More – not-so strongly		9	7
No difference		34	23
Less – not-so strongly	17	16	17
Less – strongly		29	37
(Don't know)		1	5
More	19	20	18
Less	50	45	54

TOTAL MEN WOMEN N= 700 336 364

# Finally, I would like to ask you a few questions for statistical purposes only.

93. Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as a Republican, a Democrat, an independent, or something else?

**[IF REPUBLICAN OR DEMOCRAT ASK]:** Do you consider yourself a strong (Republican/Democrat) or a not so strong (Republican/Democrat)?

**[IF INDEPENDENT ASK]:** Would you say that you lean more toward the Republicans or more toward the Democrats?

Strong Republican	18 8 10	17 7 4
Republican       32         Independent       21         Democrat       38	36 20 35	28 21 41
Independent - lean Democratic7Not-so-strong Democrat5Strong Democrat26	9 4 22	5 7 29
(Other)	5 4	5 5

94. What is your age?

# IF REFUSED IN PREVIOUS QUESTION

95. I am going to read you some categories. Please stop me when we get to your category.

18-24	16	11
25-29	7	11
30-34 5	6	5
35-39 7	6	8
40-449	11	8
45-49	8	11
50-54	8	8
55-59	10	10
60-64	10	9
65-69	6	4
70-74	3	2
Over 74 years 8	8	8
(Refused)	1	5

		N=	TOTAL 700	MEN 336	WOMEN 364	
96.	What is the last year of schooling that you have co	mple	eted? DO N	OT READ		
	1 - 11th grade		2 19 2 28 29 17	2 21 2 28 26 17 4	2 18 1 27 32 18 3	
97.	Are you married, unmarried with a partner, single,  Married			wed, or di 61	vorced? 59	
	Unmarried with partner Single		23	4 26 1	7 20 1	
	Separated		4 2	2 1 5	5 3 5	
98.	(Don't know/refused)  Are you employed by a small business?		5	5	5	
	Yes No(Small business owner)(Refused)		70 3	25 69 2 3	19 71 4 5	
99.	Just to make sure we have a representative samp Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish-speaking background Asian, or something else?					

99.	Just to make sure we have a representative sample, could you please tell me whether you are from a
	Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish-speaking background? [IF "NO", ASK:] What is your race - white, black,
	Asian, or something else?

White72	74	70
Black	13	13
Spanish speaking/Hispanic 10	9	11
Native American 0	0	0
Asian/ Pacific Islander 1	1	1
(Other) 1	0	1
(Don't know/refused)	2	4